MIAMI BAYSIDE FOUNDATION, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Miami Bayside Foundation, Inc. Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Miami Bayside Foundation, Inc., (the "Foundation")(a non-profit organization) which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Miami Bayside Foundation, Inc., as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Verdyq, De almas, & Trujillo LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Coral Gables, Florida March 31, 2017

MIAMI BAYSIDE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

ASSETS	
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	2016	2015
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 62,503	\$ 81,624
Investments, \$159,994 temporarily restricted	1,443,782	1,287,962
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,506,285	1,369,586
LOAN RECEIVABLES, net	1,083,719	806,967
GRANTS RECEIVABLES	20,814	-
OTHER ASSETS	1,521	-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,612,339	\$ 2,176,553
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued expenses	\$ 11,064	\$ 3,919
Notes payable, current portion	66,859	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	77,923	3,919
NOTES PAYABLE, long-term portion	98,081	-
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	2,276,341	2,172,634
Temporarily restricted	159,994	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	2,436,335	2,172,634
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,612,339	\$ 2,176,553

MIAMI BAYSIDE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

			20	16				2015
			Tempo	orarily				_
	Unr	estricted	Restr	ricted		Total	Un	restricted
SUPPORT AND REVENUE								
Contributions	\$	440,910	\$ 20	3,094	\$	644,004	\$	701,854
Investment income and realized gains		121,725		-		121,725		61,849
Interest and other income		46,095		-		46,095		41,052
Net assets released from restrictions		43,100	(4	3,100)				-
TOTAL SUPPORT AND REVENUE		651,830	159	9,994		811,824		804,755
EXPENSES								
Program services		400,080		-		400,080		336,914
Supporting services		126,320		_		126,320		73,678
TOTAL EXPENSES		526,400				526,400		410,592
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS								
BEFORE UNREALIZED LOSS		125,430	159	9,994		285,424		394,163
UNREALIZED LOSS		(21,723)		_		(21,723)		(61,889)
CIVILI III E E COS	-	(21,723)	-			(21,723)		(01,00)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		103,707	159	9,994		263,701		332,274
Net assets, beginning of year	2	,172,634		_	2	2,172,634	1	1,840,360
Net assets, end of year	\$ 2.	,276,341	\$ 15	9,994	\$ 2	2,436,335	\$ 2	2,172,634

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Change in net assets	\$ 263,701	\$ 332,274
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Bad debt expense	19,609	35,000
Realized and unrealized loss on investments	21,723	61,889
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Grants receivable	(20,814)	-
Other assets	(1,521)	-
Accrued expenses	7,145	1,041
Total adjustments	26,142	97,930
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	289,843	430,204
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net purchases of investments	(177,543)	(257,884)
Proceeds from loan principal payments	141,834	286,003
Loan disbursements	(438,195)	(415,427)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(473,904)	(387,308)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from notes payable	200,000	-
Principal payments on notes payable	(35,060)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	164,940	
Net (Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(19,121)	42,896
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	81,624	38,728
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 62,503	\$ 81,624
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Interest paid	\$ 7,612	\$ -
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	General &							
	Program Services		Adm	Administrative		Fundraising		Total
Awards and grants	\$	194,952	\$	-	\$	-	\$	194,952
Salaries		100,511		28,717		14,359		143,587
Payroll taxes		7,283		2,081		1,040		10,404
Bad debt		40,113		-		-		40,113
Business expense		2,841		-		-		2,841
Contract services		28,365		18,811		3,645		50,821
Facilities and equipment		3,906		3,906		1,953		9,765
Management fees		-		3,876		-		3,876
Fundraising		-		-		36,169		36,169
Business fee registration		370		-		-		370
Marketing, public relations and advertising		3,052		4,578		-		7,630
Operations		2,127		1,380		856		4,363
Travel and meetings		2,645		1,243		1,795		5,683
Microloan		55		-		-		55
Small business training		11,461		-		-		11,461
Other expenses		2,399		1,292		619		4,310
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	\$	400,080	\$	65,884	\$	60,436	\$	526,400

	General &							
	Progra	am Services	Admi	inistrative	Fundraising		Total	
Awards and grants	\$	162,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,680
Salaries		73,063		20,875		10,438		104,376
Payroll taxes		5,589		1,597		799		7,985
Bad debt		35,000		-		-		35,000
Business expense		1,175		-		-		1,175
Contract services		32,323		6,508		3,254		42,085
Facilities and equipment		2,938		2,938		734		6,610
Management fees		-		3,767		-		3,767
Fundraising		-		-		11,690		11,690
Business fee registration		1,160		-		-		1,160
Marketing, public relations and advertising		4,037		3,028		3,028		10,093
Operations		1,768		1,136		821		3,725
Travel and meetings		1,707		813		1,615		4,135
Microloan		85		-		-		85
Small business training		7,393		-		-		7,393
Other expenses		7,996		409		228		8,633
TOTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES	\$	336,914	\$	41,071	\$	32,607	\$	410,592

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS

Nature of Organization

Miami Bayside Foundation (the "Foundation") is a not-for-profit organization whose objective is designed to advance economic development in the City of Miami through the support of minority businesses and education. The Foundation seeks to do this through the creation and administration of a loan program to minority businesses, through the creation of a vocational/educational scholarship fund for minorities, and by providing technical assistance to local community development corporations engaged in economic development.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). The Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions on the use of the net assets. The three net asset categories are as follows:

Unrestricted

Net assets which are free of donor-imposed restrictions; all revenues, expenses, gains, and losses that are not changes in permanently or temporarily restricted net assets.

Temporarily Restricted

Net assets whose use by the Foundation is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire by passage of time or that can be fulfilled or removed by actions of the Foundation pursuant to those stipulations. There are \$159,994 and \$0 in temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Permanently Restricted

Net assets whose use by the Foundation is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire with the passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by actions of the Foundation. There are no permanently restricted net assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

Contributions

The Foundation follows the provisions of an accounting standard where contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give the Foundation that is, in substance, unconditional. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, temporarily restricted net assets are transferred to unrestricted net assets.

Investments

The Foundation reports its investments under an accounting standard where a not-for-profit organization is required to report investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities at fair value, with realized and unrealized gains and losses included in the statements of activities. The fair value of marketable securities is determined by quoted market prices.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (Continued)

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable consist of loans to local minority businesses, which are secured by real property. Micro loans consist of loans from \$2,500 to \$10,000, which are generally unsecured. Interest income is recognized over the life of the receivables and is determined using the effective interest method. On a periodic basis, the Foundation evaluates its receivables and adjusts the allowance for loan losses, when deemed necessary, based on a historic review of collections and current credit conditions.

Loans receivable that management has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or pay-off are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, reduced by an allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for losses charged to expense. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that collectability of the principal is unlikely. Subsequent recoveries of prior year charges against the allowance, if any, are recorded as revenue in the period received.

The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb estimated losses on existing loans, based on an evaluation of the collectability of loans and prior loss experience. This evaluation also takes into consideration such factors as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, and review of specific problem loans, and current economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay. While management uses the best information available to make its evaluation, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if there are significant changes in economic conditions. The Foundation has allowances of \$60,988 and \$41,379 as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Restricted Contributions Whose Restrictions Are Met in the Same Reporting Period

Donor restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as unrestricted

Income Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for federal or state income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

The Foundation recognizes and measures tax positions taken or expected to be taken in its tax return based on their technical merit and assesses the likelihood that the positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities, if any, would be recorded in interest expense and other non-interest expense, respectively.

The U.S. Federal jurisdiction and Florida are the major tax jurisdictions where the Foundation files tax returns. The Foundation is generally no longer subject to U.S. Federal or State examinations by tax authorities for years before 2013.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND OPERATIONS (Continued)

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Although cash balances may exceed federally insured limits at times during the year, the Foundation has not experienced and does not expect to incur any losses in such accounts.

Subsequent Events

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment securities at December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

		2016	2015
Money funds	\$	31,673	\$ 3,687
Equity securities		825,736	654,759
Fixed income		542,377	608,596
Real estate & intangibles		43,996	20,920
	\$ 1	1,443,782	\$ 1,287,962

The Foundation's investment income, including income earned on cash deposits, consisted of the following for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	 2016	2015
Net realized gains	\$ 89,212	\$ 31,774
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(21,723)	(61,889)
Interest and dividends	 32,513	30,075
	\$ 100,002	\$ (40)

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The FASB established a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs of valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The asset's or liability's fair measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a depreciation of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2016.

The Equity Portfolio consists of equity securities and mutual funds managed primarily through investments held by independent investment advisors with discretionary investment authority. Equity securities consist primarily of common stocks. Equity Portfolio investments are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

The Fixed Income Portfolio consists of investments in securities issued by the U.S. Treasury and corporate bonds through independent investment advisors. Those investments are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although The Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table represents the Foundation's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2016 for each of the fair value hierarchy levels:

			Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2016						
			Q	uoted Prices	Signific	ant Other	Sign	ificant Other	
			in Active Markets		Obse	rvable	Ur	observable	
			for I	dentical Assets	Inp	puts		Inputs	
Description	12/31/2016		(Level 1)		(Lev	vel 2)		(Level 3)	
Assets:									
Investment Securities:									
Money funds	\$	31,673	\$	31,673	\$	-	\$	-	
Equity		825,736		825,736		-		-	
Fixed income		542,377		542,377		-		-	
Real estate & Intangibles		43,996		43,996		-		_	
Total investment securities	\$ 1	1,443,782	\$	1,443,782	\$	-	\$		

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table represents the Foundation's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2015 for each of the fair value hierarchy levels:

			Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2015									
			Qι	oted Prices	Significa	int Other	Signi	ficant Other				
			in Active Markets		Obser	vable	Uno	observable				
			for Identical Assets		Inp	outs		Inputs				
Description	12/31/2015		(Level 1)		(Lev	el 2)	(]	Level 3)				
Assets:												
Investment Securities:												
Money funds	\$	3,687	\$	3,687	\$	-	\$	-				
Equity	654,759		654,759		654,759			654,759		-		-
Fixed income		608,596		608,596		-		-				
Real estate & Intangibles		20,920		20,920				_				
Total investment securities	\$ 1.	,287,962	\$	1,287,962	\$	-	\$	-				

NOTE 4 – LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable consists of loans disbursed under the Loan Programs offered by the Foundation. Loans are secured loans for a maximum of \$100,000 given to credit worthy individuals for 5 year terms at 6% interest and collateralized by corporate assets. Micro loans receivable consist of unsecured loans disbursed under the Micro Loans Program. Micro loans range from \$2,500 to \$10,000 for 18 or 24 months with effective annual interest rates of 6.6% and 6.9%.

At December 31, 2016 and 2015, net loans and micro loans receivable consist of the following:

	 2016	2015	
Loans	\$ 967,821 \$	828,945	
Micro Loans	11,946	19,401	
Less: allowance for loan losses	 (60,988) $(41,3)$		
	\$ 918,779 \$	806,967	

NOTE 5 – NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable consists of loans obtained under the SSBCI Loan Support Program between the Foundation and Enterprise Florida, Inc. ("EFI"). The terms allow EFI to purchase a participation in a loan being offered by the Foundation to a borrower. The amount of EFI's participation shall not exceed 50%, or \$50,000 for each loan. Loans are secured loans for a maximum of \$100,000 given to credit worthy individuals for 3 and 5 year terms at 6% interest and collateralized by corporate assets. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, the amounts owed were \$164,940 and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 6 – FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

NOTE 7 – ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Foundation provides a substantial portion of its services with funds contributed from one source. A significant reduction in the level of this funding, if this were to occur, may have an effect on the Foundation's programs and activities. Contributions received from one entity represented approximately 44% and 77% of the Foundation's total support and revenue for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

NOTE 8 – MINORITY PARTICIPATION AGREEMENT

On September 2014, the City of Miami (the "City") and Bayside Marketplace, LLC (the "Developer") amended the Minority Participation Agreement which set forth the Developer's obligations with regard to minority participation in connection with the development of Bayside Marketplace. The term of the Minority Participation Agreement as amended, expires on November 30, 2060. The Developer agrees to pay the Foundation a contribution in the amount of \$350,000 annually each year during the term of the agreement. The contribution shall increase each year by 2%. If the Foundation ceases to be a 501 (c)(3) tax exempt organization, the contributions shall be placed in an interest bearing escrow account and paid to the Foundation at such time as the Foundation shall satisfactorily prove to the Developer that it has qualified as a 501(c)(3) tax exempt organization, or, at the written request of the City, be paid to another not for profit organization qualified as a 501(c)(3) tax exempt organization.